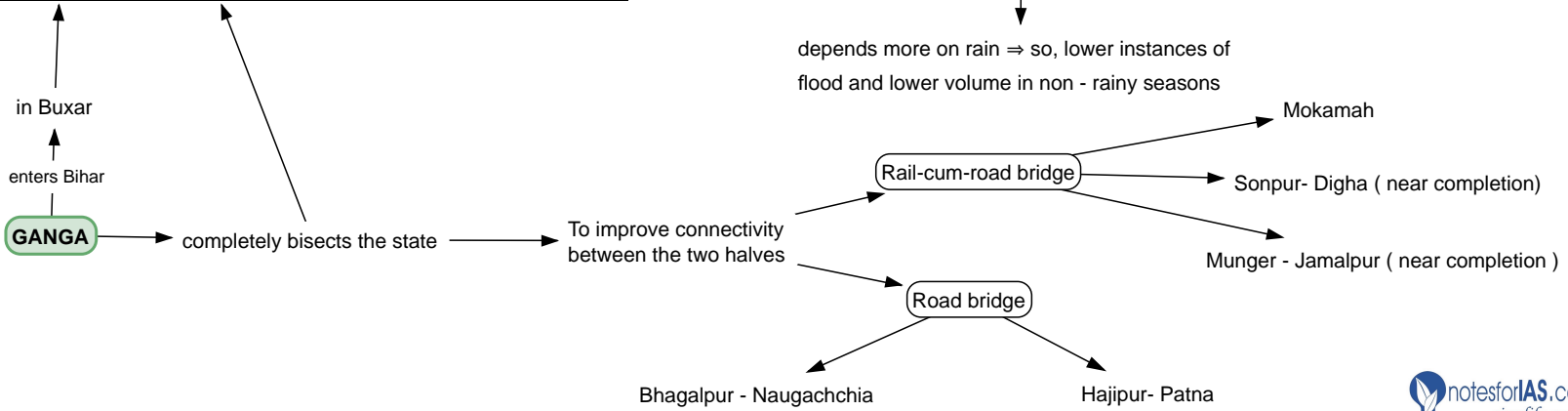
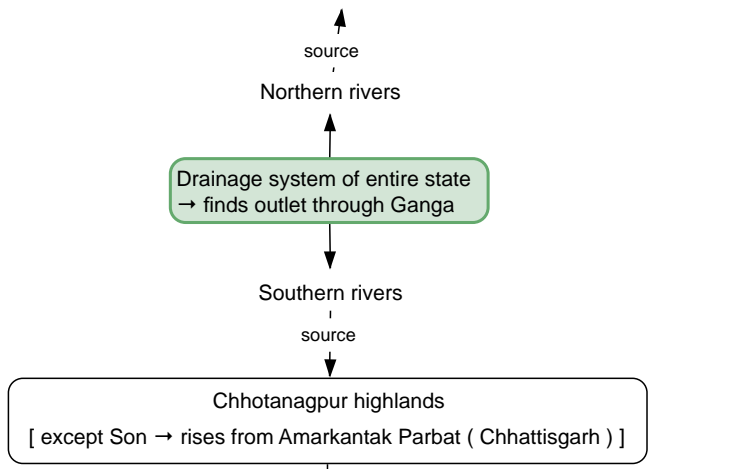
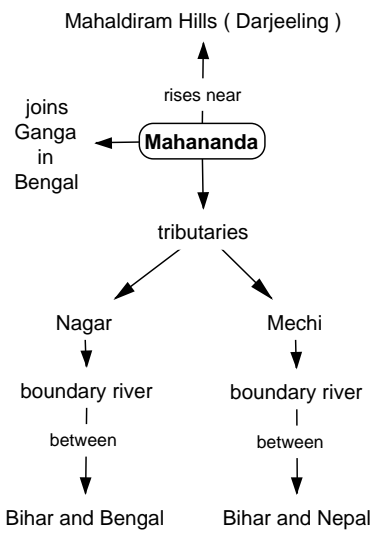
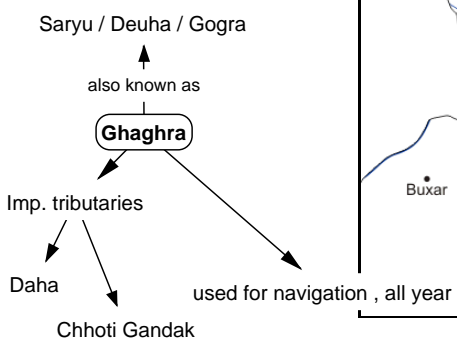
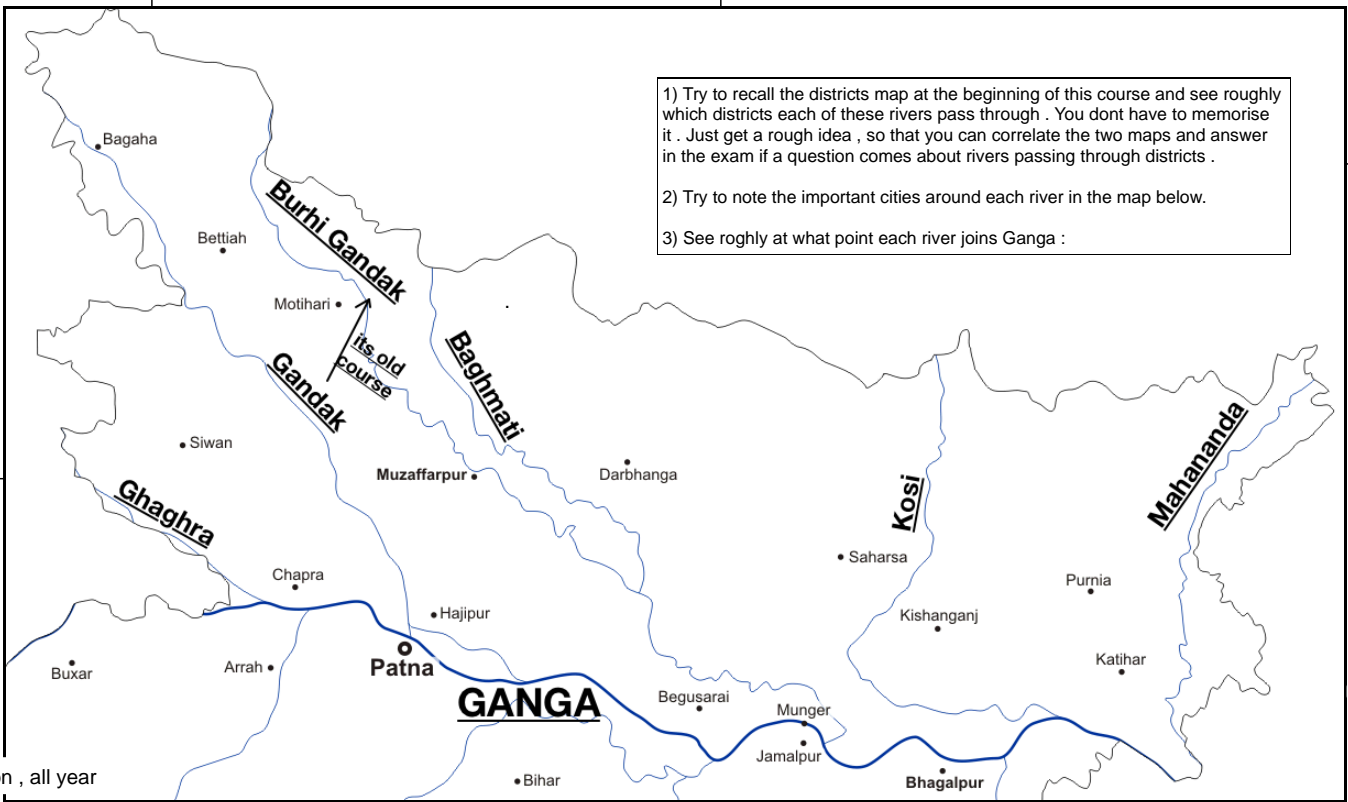
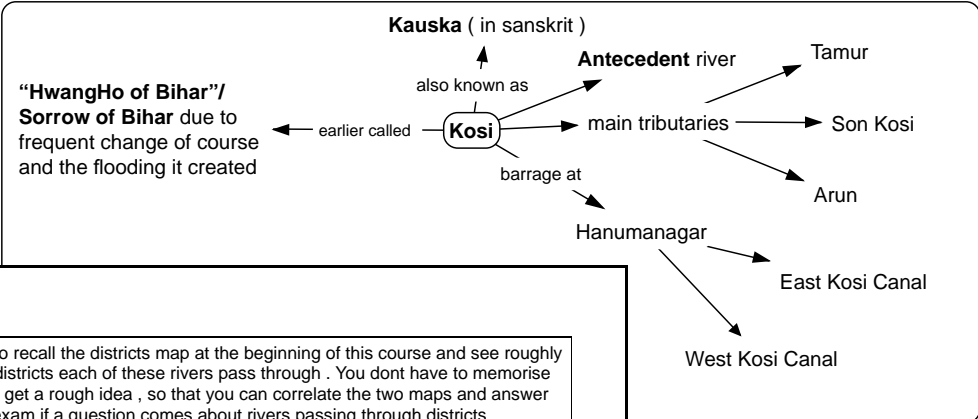
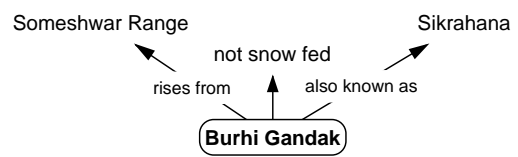
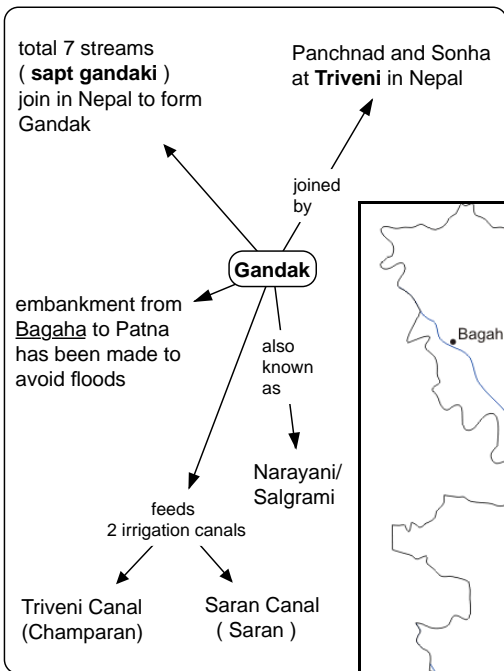


The low lying old channels have given rise to lakes, etc
 ↑↑
 change of courses ← Silting ← leads to — huge amount of load from weathering rocks of Himalayas
 deposit
 fertile sediments
 bring /



Bihar GK for BPSC

Northern Rivers of Bihar



Mnemonics

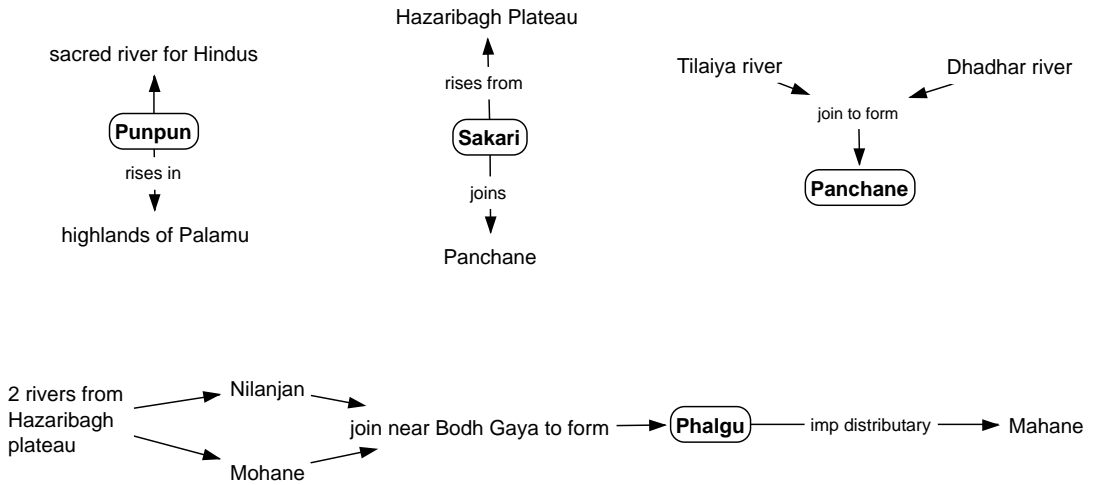
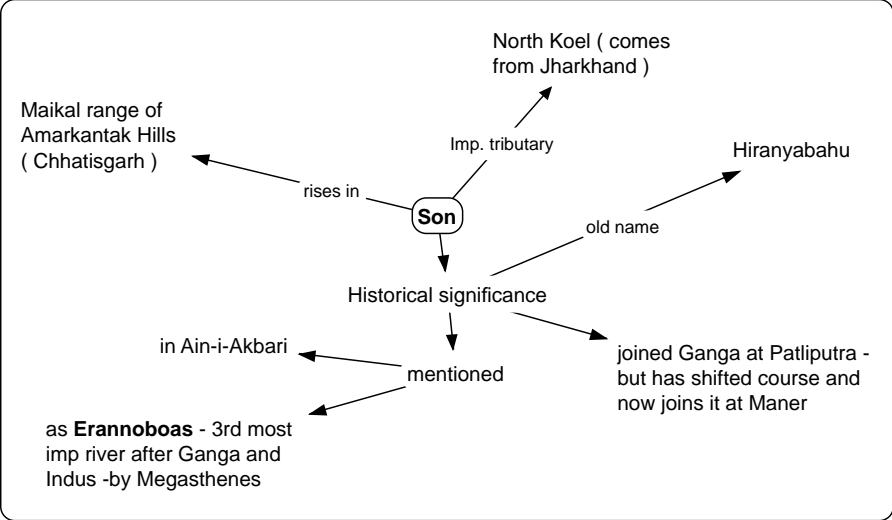
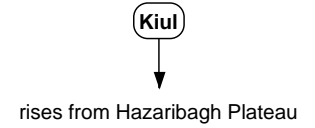
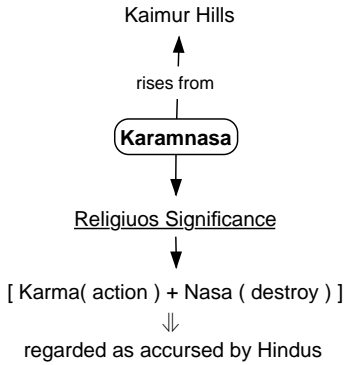
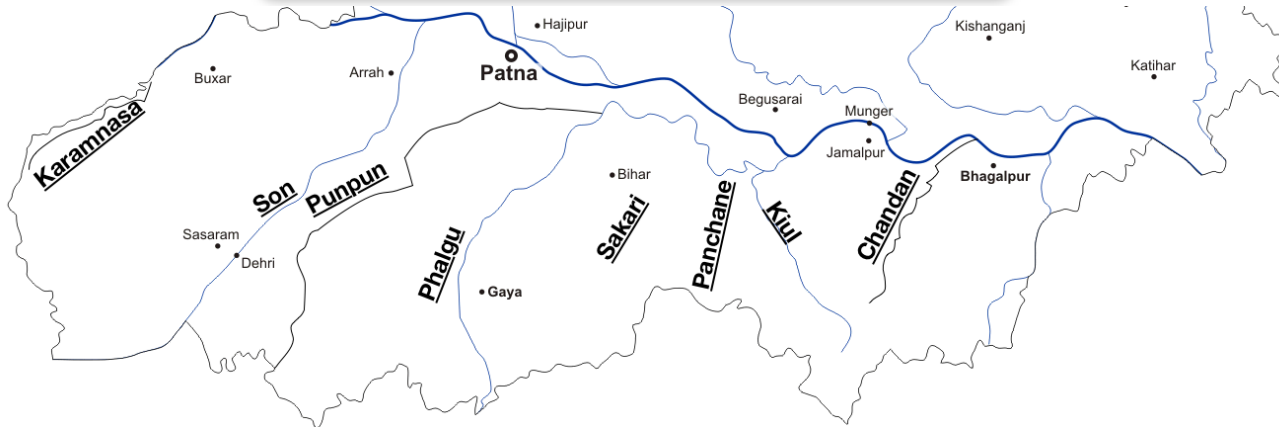
Remembering the order of Northern Rivers :

G-G-B-B-KeeMa

(Ghaghra - Gandak - Burhi Gandak - Baghmati - Kosi - Mahananda)

South Bihar Rivers

Mnemonics
 To remember the order of Southern rivers remember this :
KSP-PSP-KaanCH
Karamnasa - Son - Punpun - Phalgu - Sakari - Panchane - Kiul - CHandan



Cloze Deletion

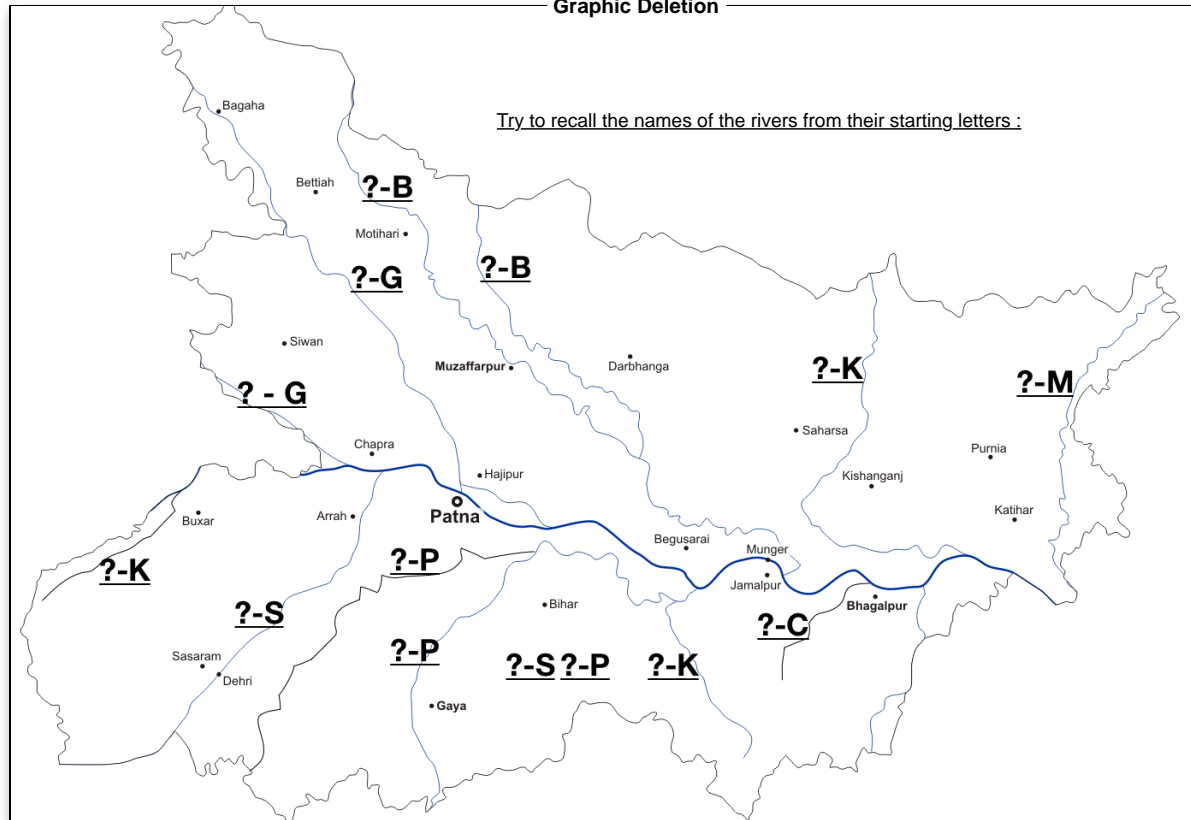
Ganga runs [1-____] km in Bihar . Two recent rain-cum-road bridges have been built on it joining [2- S/D] and [3- M/J] . Source of northern rivers is Himalayas whereas that of southern rivers is [4] , except Son which rises in [5].

Gandak is also known as [6-N/S] . Embankment has been built on it starting from [7-B] . It feeds 2 irrigation canals : [8-T,S] .

Ghaghra is also known as [9-SDG].
 Burhi Gandak is also known as [10-S].
 Kosi is also known as [11]. It has a barrage at [12-H].
 Mahananda rises near [13-M] and joins Ganga in [14].

Son's old name was [15-H]. However it was called as [16-E] by Megasthenes .

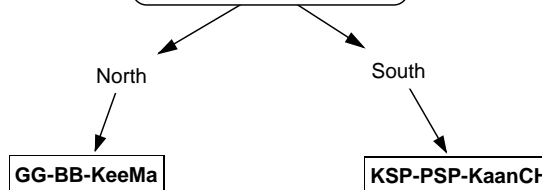
Graphic Deletion



Cloze Deletion Answers

1. 483
2. Sonpur-Digha
3. Munger -Jamalpur
4. Chhotanagpur Highlands
5. Amarkantak Hills
6. Narayani/Salgrami
7. Bagaha
8. Triveni (Champaran) , Saran
9. Saryu/Deuha/Gogra
10. Sikrahana
11. Kauska
12. Hanumanagar
13. Mahaldiram Hills
14. Bengal
15. Hiranyabahu
16. Erannoobas

Remember the Mnemonics



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